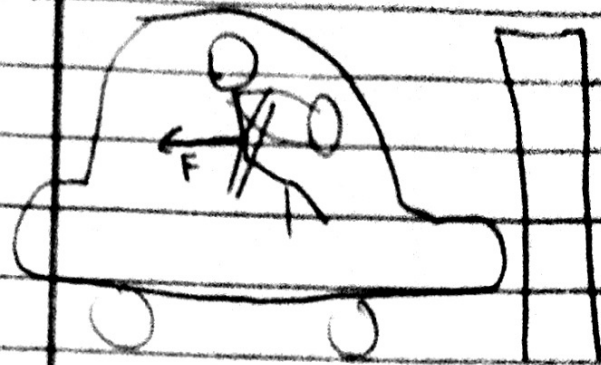


$$V_0 = 25 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m = 75 \text{ kg}$$

$$t = 0.15$$



$$P_0 = m_0 \times V_0$$

$$P_0 = (75 \text{ kg}) \times (25 \text{ m/s})$$

$$P_0 = 1,875 \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$P_f = m_f \times V_f$$

$$P_f = 75 \text{ kg} \times 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_f = 0$$

Impulse, defined as the product of the average force acting on the object and the time the force acts, it also equals how much an object's momentum changes.

$$I = F(t) = \Delta P$$

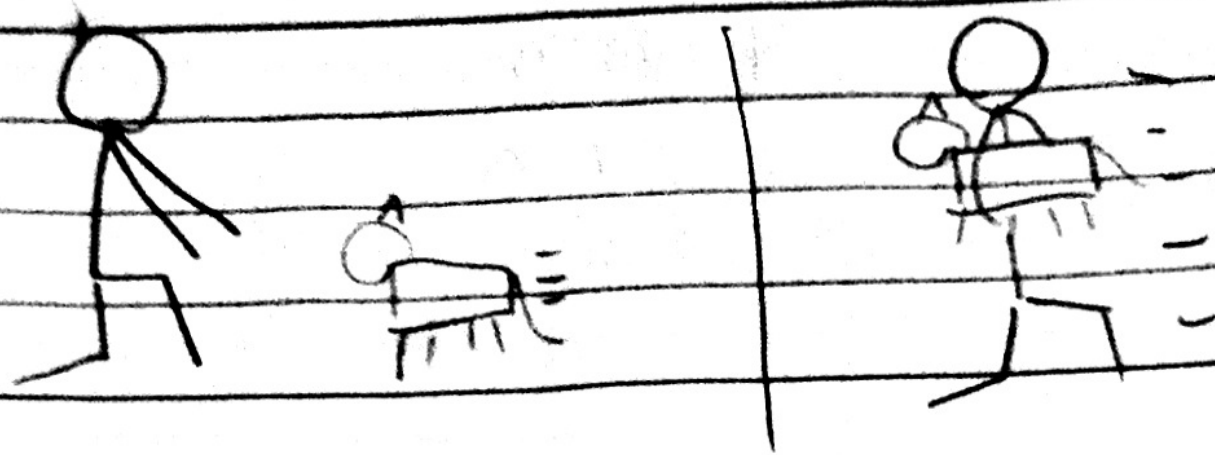
$$\Delta P = P_f - P_0$$

$$\Delta P = -1,875 \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$F(t) = \frac{-1,875 \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}}}{0.15}$$

$$F = \frac{-1,875}{0.15}$$

$$F = -12,500 \text{ N}$$



Perfectly inelastic collision

$$P_o = P_{os} + P_{od}$$

$$P_{od} = M_o V_{od}$$

$$P_{od} = (15 \text{ kg}) \times (-3 \text{ m/s})$$

$$P_{od} = 45 \text{ kg m/s}$$

$$P_o = 45 \text{ kg m/s} (-x)$$

$$P_f = P_o$$

$$P_f = (M_s + M_o) \cdot V_f$$

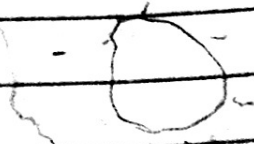
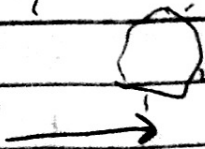
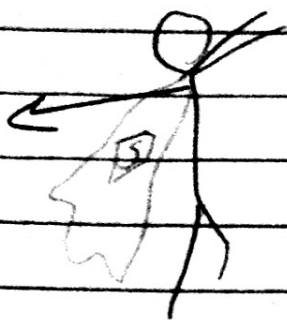
$$P_f = (40 \text{ kg} + 15 \text{ kg}) \cdot V_f$$

$$P_f = 55 \text{ kg} \cdot V_f$$

$$45 \text{ kg m/s} (-x) = 55 \text{ kg} \cdot V_f$$

$$V_f = \frac{45 \text{ kg m/s}}{55 \text{ kg}}$$

$$V_f = 0.818 \text{ m/s} (-x)$$



Conservation of momentum

actual mass of Superman and asteroid
don't matter.

$$m_a = 1,000 m_s$$

$$v_{as} = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{sa} = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{fa} = 800 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_o = P_{as} + P_{sa}$$

$$P_o = 0$$

$$P_f = (m_a \cdot v_{fa}) + (m_s \cdot v_{fs})$$

$$P_f = (1000 m_s \cdot 800 \text{ m/s}) + (m_s \cdot v_{fs})$$

$$(1000 m_s \cdot 800 \text{ m/s}) = -(m_s \cdot v_{fs})$$

$$800,000 m_s \text{ m/s} = -v_{fs} m_s$$

$$800,000 \text{ m/s} = -v_{fs}$$

$$v_{fs} = -800,000 \text{ m/s}$$